Corporate Investing Post-Money Fund Reform

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Presented By









Regulation Impacts Every Money Market and Deposit Instrument Available to Treasurers





Massive



Intrusive



Global







A New Landscape for Cash Management



Challenge	Impact				
Money Fund Regulations: Institutional prime money funds to "float" NAV and adopt "fees & gates"; constant NAV government money funds will continue to exist without "fees & gates."	Potential losses on cash held in prime funds and/or restricted access to liquidity during stress Lower yields on government funds as demand overwhelms				
	Supply Rapka to turn away partain perpendia deposits				
Basel III : Regulations penalize banks for relying on less-stable wholesale short-term funding.	Banks to turn away certain corporate deposits				
	Reduced bank issuance of short-term debt, limiting the supply of high-quality, short-term investments				
Alternative Cash Management Products: Money fund regulation is leading asset managers to develop "alternative" cash management products such as private unregistered funds, short-term bond funds, separately-managed accounts and 60-day maximum maturity money funds.	Treasurers and cash managers required to evaluate the new products and update investment guidelines to incorporate these new strategies Emerging products that are not as tightly regulated as traditional money funds, allowing for greater flexibility, but				
	also the potential for greater risk and less transparency				
Low or Negative Yields: Yields in the U.S. remain extremely low and have turned negative in Europe, while the supply of high-quality, short-term securities continues to shrink.	Treasury professionals needing to re-think their cash management strategies and policies and better segment cash that does not serve a near-term operational need				
Material Changes In Rating Agency Criteria and Coverage: Post-crisis, there has been a material change in the markets covered by the "big three" rating agencies and increasingly divergent criteria for rating money funds.	Outdated investment guidelines that fail to include all of the "big three" rating agencies (Fitch, S&P and Moody's) who are out of step with market realities and best practices and that may unnecessarily restrict cash management options; rating criteria for money funds that varies across all three agencies and creates new risks				

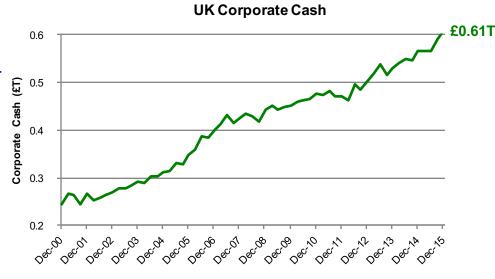


Corporate Cash Levels – Higher Than Ever





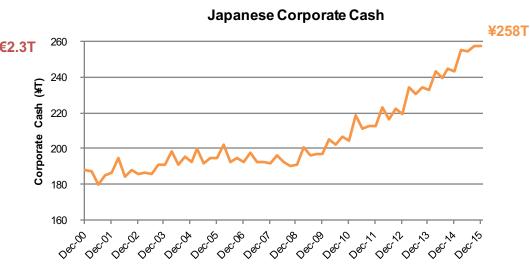
Source: Federal Reserve, Treasury Strategies



Source: UK Office for National Statistics, Treasury Strategies



Source: European Central Bank, Treasury Strategies



Source: Bank of Japan, Treasury Strategies



Cash Investment Options



Value Drivers	Prime MMF	Treasury MMF	T-Bills/ Repo	Bank DDA	Ultra-Short Bond Funds	Direct CP	SMAs	In-House Mgt
High relative yield	X				X	X	X	X
Daily liquidity	X	X	X	X	X	X		
Ultra-low risk	х	Х	Х	Х				
Low minimum transaction size	Х	Х		Х	х			Х
Low fees	X	Х	X	Х		Х	X	Х
Diversification	X	Х			X		X	
Convenience	X	X		X				
TMS connectivity	Х	Х	X	X				
Portfolio accounting	Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	
Professional management	Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	

Source: Treasury Strategies





The Market Already Imposes VNAV, Fees and Gates on All Other Instruments



VNAV

- Treasuries
- Agencies
- CP

Fees

- · Bank deposits
- CP and other money market instruments

Gates

- Banks suspension of convertibility
- FDIC resolution
- Liquidity gaps
- · Auction rate securities





Value Proposition of Money Market Instruments



Investor utility of each instrument before and after the post-crisis regulations (Dodd-Frank, Basel III, MMF):

Instrument	Before	After
Prime money funds	95	92
Treasury/government MMFs	92	90
Treasury bills – direct	90	88
Bank demand deposits	85	80
Ultra-short bond funds	80	80
Commercial paper – direct	75	70
SMAs	60–80	55–75
Internally-managed portfolios	40–80	35–75

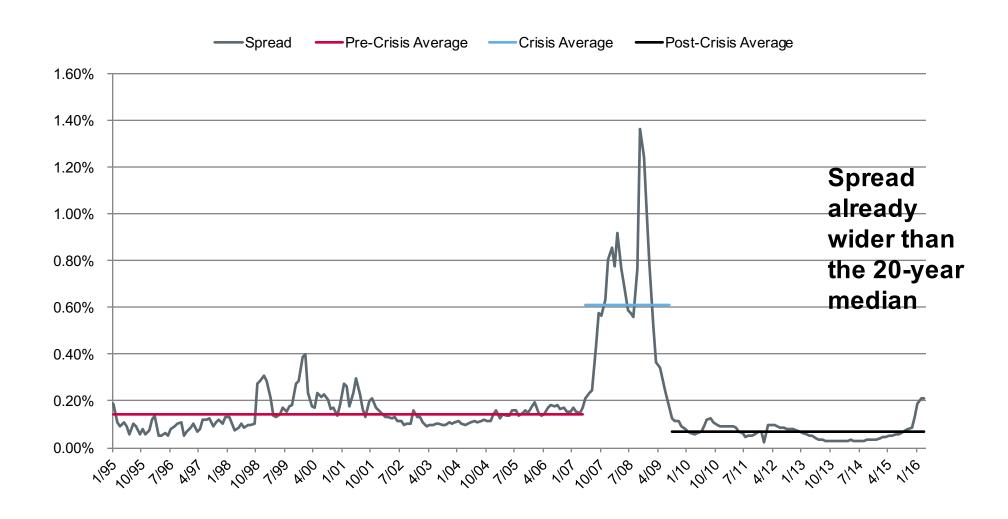
Source: Treasury Strategies' corporate clients' experience





Trends to Watch – Spreads in Yield Between Prime and Government Money Funds





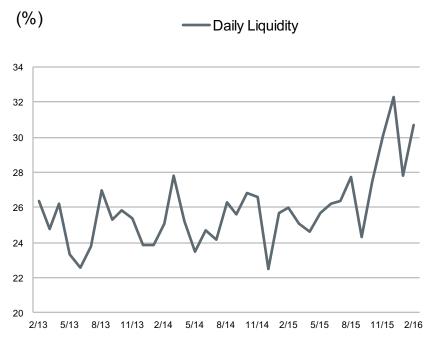


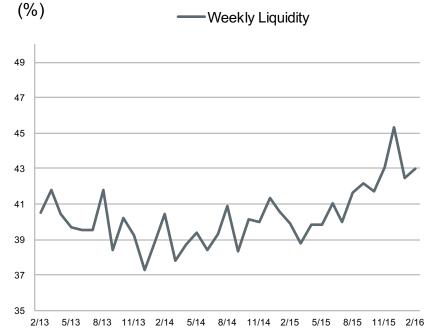


What You Need to Watch – Fund Liquidity



Fitch updated its criteria for money funds on December 10, 2015, anticipating reform-related changes, with a greater focus on money funds' liquidity.





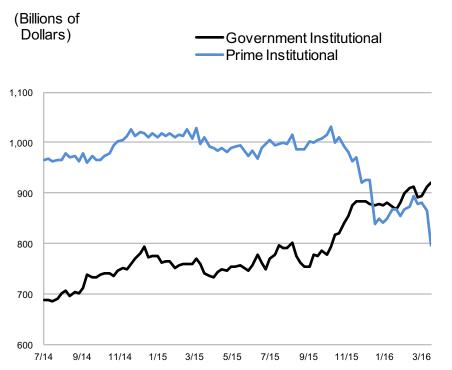
Source: SEC

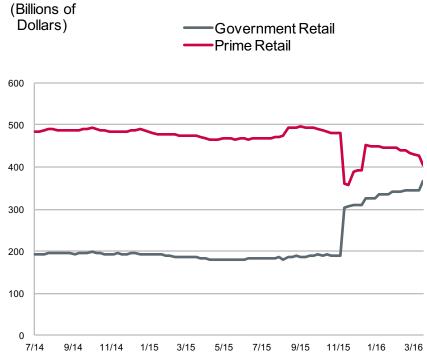




What You Need to Watch – U.S. Money Fund Flows







Source: iMoneyNet

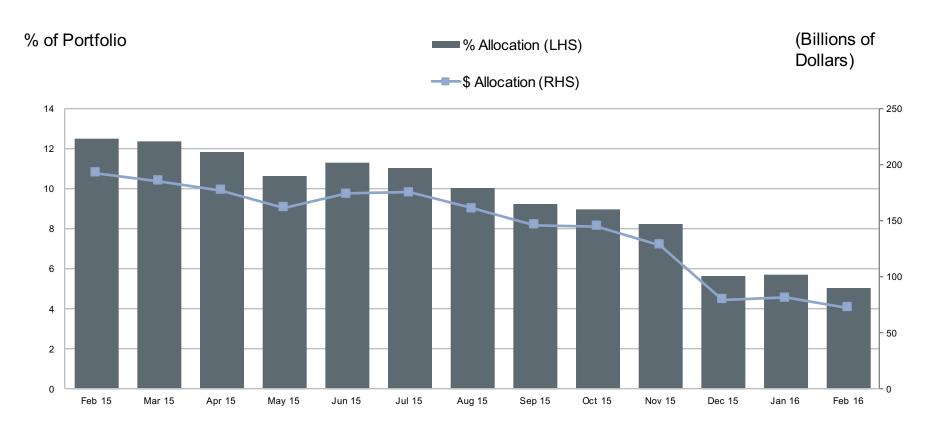




What You Need to Watch – Prime MMF Maturities



Prime Money Fund Allocations to Long-Dated Securities (>180 Days) Declining on Reform Caution



Source: Fitch, Crane Data





Money Fund Managers Prepare for MMF Reform



Restructuring of existing 2a-7 prime money funds

 "Short-maturity" funds: investing inside of 60 days or 7 days to limit applicability of floating NAV and/or fees and gates

Launching or expanding alternative liquidity products to meet clients' needs

- Private/unregistered prime money funds
- Short-term bond funds
- Separately-managed accounts

Converting retail prime money funds to government funds to handle "sweep" accounts

Merging funds to reduce costs

Smaller fund managers exiting the industry

Investor outreach





How US Money Fund Regulations Impact Corporate Investment Policies



Final regulations address many of the concerns raised by Treasury Strategies and others during the consultation process with the SEC.

- Significant recordkeeping relief under new U.S. Treasury/IRS guidance
- · Relief from the "wash sale" rule
- Preservation of amortized cost accounting for securities maturing in 60 days or less
- Enhanced tools for fund boards to act in the best interests of fund shareholders

These four items go a long way toward preserving the investor utility provided by MMFs.

This requires careful evaluation of the language in the current investment policy.

- A stated objective of "preservation of principal" does not necessarily rule out VNAV funds
- More restrictive language such as "a constant net asset value" requirement would necessitate a
 policy change to permit continued investment
- A stated objective of "daily liquidity" does not necessarily rule out funds subject to fees or gates
- Email <u>info@TreasuryStrategies.com</u> for brochure on investment policies with specific suggested language.





Ratings and Market Evolving



As the market evolves, investment guidelines should reflect "best practices" with regard to ratings.

Investment policies that rely on only one or two rating agencies are not reflective of market coverage, and put cash managers at a competitive disadvantage compared to peers.

Barclays' Capital Aggregate Bond Index requires that an asset should be "rated investment-grade using the middle rating of Moody's, S&P, and Fitch Ratings after dropping the highest and lowest available ratings."

In short-term markets, the Daily Euro Commercial Paper Index tracks the yield of Euro CP with A1/P1/F1 ratings.

Sample investment guidelines language: "Investments must be rated A/A/A2 or higher on the long-term scale and/or F-1/A-1/P-1 or higher on the short-term scale by at least two of three said rating agencies (Fitch Ratings, S&P, or Moody's). Money market funds must be rated equivalent of "AAA" by at least two of three said rating agencies (Fitch Ratings, S&P, or Moody's)."





Tools are Changing: Not All MMF Ratings are the Same



Investors in MMFs increase focus on liquidity ahead of October.

Which approach is more aligned with your concerns?

Fitch AAAmmf Ratings Evaluate Liquidity

Money Market Fund ratings (assigned to money market funds and other cash management products) are an opinion on a fund's capacity to fulfill its investment objectives of providing ready <u>liquidity</u> and <u>preserving principal</u>.



S&P AAAm Ratings do not Address Fees and Gates

"A money market fund rating is a forward-looking opinion about a fixed-income fund's ability to maintain principal value (i.e., stable net asset value and to limit exposure to principal losses due to credit risk. We generally do not lower ratings to "Dm" when the manager of any fund suspends redemptions for up to five business days." Additionally, if a fund elects to impose a 2% redemption fee, this is a "credit positive."

Fitch's MMF rating criteria assesses the same risks as treasurers





Conclusion



It is clear that the value proposition of prime MMFs retains its superior position.

Although everyone should review investment policies, it is not clear to us that many will need to be altered.

We strongly recommend that treasurers initiate a dialogue with their CFO or appropriate board committee.

We recommend that treasurers put in place a program to monitor fund ratings, liquidity, and maturities.



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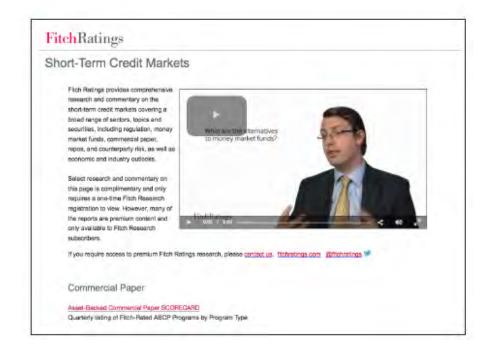
Short-Term Credit Market Insight





In-depth analysis on regulation, money market funds, commercial paper, repos, and counterparty risk Short-term, highly-liquid investment options are disappearing for many U.S. corporations at the exact moment when corporate treasurers are under increased pressure to generate yield from cash reserves. Today's corporate treasurers also face challenging market conditions and an ever-evolving regulatory environment in the day-to-day management of their firm's cash and capital resources.

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